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VOL. XCII, NO. 128.

VICTORIA DAILY COLONIST, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1904.

FORTY-SIXTH YEAR.

## Planning for Xmas?

**ONLY SIX WEEKS**

**OUR STOCK is complete**

are now left until Xmas Day. In the matter of Xmas gifts we can help you greatly, especially if you would call in now before the usual rush and look around.

and we have plenty of time to show you anything and everything, and you can now make better selections, as you do not have to do so hurriedly.

We willingly lay aside until Xmas any article you fancy.

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" " " " Boxes - .10  
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HEALTH EAT PURE  
FOODS

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Is the purest that years of experience can produce.

### THE BRACKMAN-KER MILLING CO., LTD.

## Strong Plea For Peace

Lord Lansdowne Makes Appeal  
to the Nation for  
Arbitration.

In Absence of Premier at Guild  
Hall Banquet Secretary  
Speaks.

The Speech Listened to by an  
Audience Which Is Not  
Responsive.

London Nov. 9.—At the Lord Mayor's banquet at the Guildhall tonight, Foreign Secretary Lansdowne, in the absence of Premier Balfour, who, by the advice of his physician, is still resting his injured leg, was the principal speaker. The 250 guests included the Archbishop of Canterbury, the members of the cabinet, the foreign representatives, members of parliament and other prominent persons. After the usual loyal toasts, War Secretary Arnold-Forster, replying for the imperial forces said it was the determination of the army council not to rest until the British army was ready to enter the field at any time with absolute confidence in success.

Lord Lansdowne, replying to His Majesty's ministers, referred to the unfortunate absence of Mr. Balfour, who in spite of his illness had not ceased to actively participate in the affairs of the country.

Lord Lansdowne made a strong plea for peace and arbitration on behalf of the British government. Lord Lansdowne pointed out to a large and rather unsympathetic audience that arbitration was the only way in which the North Sea friction with Russia could have been equitably settled, and almost in the same breath drew a vivid picture of the horrors of the struggle now progressing in the Far East.

Between the line of every reference the foreign minister made to the Russo-Japanese war was an urgent plea, amounting almost to a demand, that it might be settled by arbitration. It was a carefully prepared statement before what is considered the most representative gathering of leading men of Great Britain. As such it was generally interpreted as a bold bid for intervention than has yet emanated from any neutral power. America was written largely in his speech, for which Great Britain has been waiting many days.

The foreign minister prefaced all his remarks by saying that the great statesman, John Hay, recently remarked that "war was the most futile and fallacious of human follies."

Then came an impassioned review of the North Sea affair. Although Lord Lansdowne was unable to announce the signing of the convention, he emphatically confirmed statements made in these despatches, namely, that Great Britain has found "a difficulty in arriving at a solution in principle of the dispute, and only supplemented what is already known by the statement that Russia has guaranteed the punishment of any other officers in addition to those already detached from Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron who might be proven to be implicated.

By most of his hearers Lord Lansdowne's utterances were regarded almost as a plea for Russia. Lord Lansdowne greeted him as after pointing out that the two governments, in good faith, believed in the contradictory statements of facts, he asked them: "Could we have done better than get full apology and compensation and leave the question of facts to an international tribunal with a guarantee of punishment of any who might be found guilty?"

Lord Lansdowne, in connection with the question of contraband, seriously asked the audience if Great Britain, as the greatest naval power, might some day be the greatest sufferer by a restriction of belligerent rights on the high seas.

Continuing the foreign secretary said that while London was principally interested that peace should prevail everywhere, he did not think they should think of peace at any price.

"At this moment," said Lord Lansdowne, "contemplating the progress of the terrible struggle between two brothers and gallant nations in the Far East can one of us contemplate without regret the legion after legion of brave men being led forth to meet their fate and the ruined homes and broken hearts? We can conceive no more terrible punishment than the remorse of any minister or body of ministers who from loss of temper or desire of popularity brought upon the country the scourge and calamity of needless war.

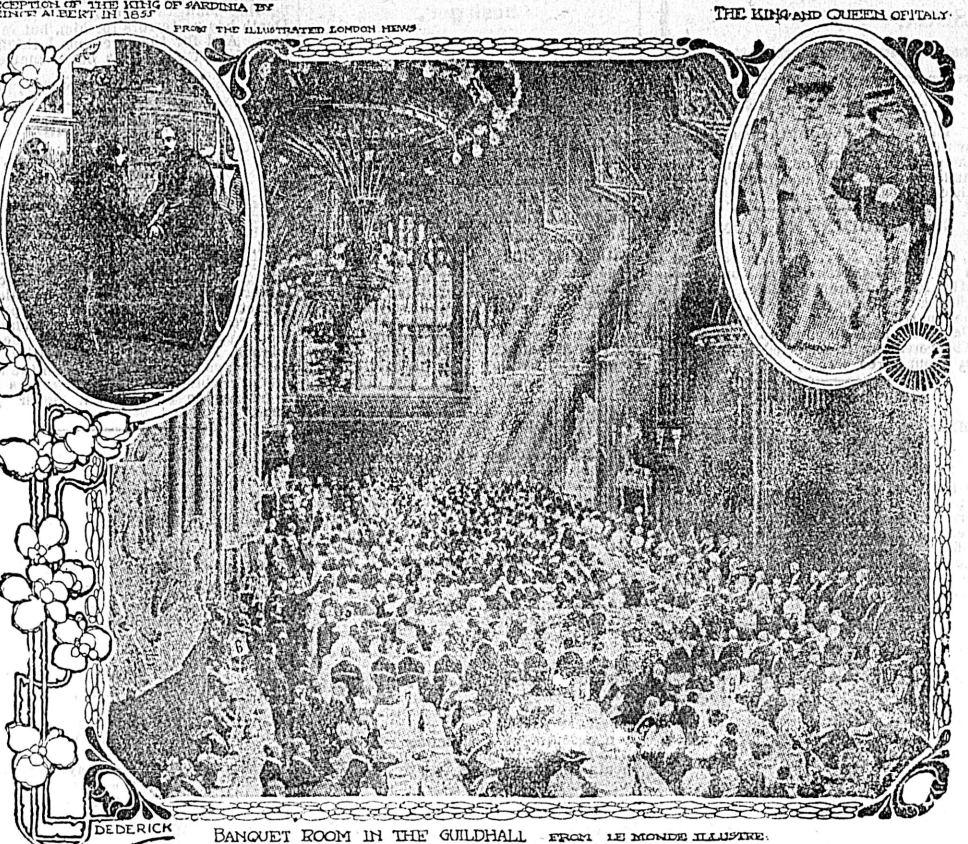
"At this auspicious moment I am able to announce to you that not only the peace of the country is unbroken but, so far as I am able to foresee, there is no reason why it should not remain unbroken. Not only have we the good fortune to avoid war, but by the strict neutrality and wise international arrangements, we have done something to restrict the area of hostilities. The country, however, has not altogether escaped anxieties. For the last few days we have been face to face with an incident which moved the people of this country as few other incidents have done.

"The incident of October 21st in the North Sea was an attack on British citizens and an affront to the British flag, of which, if intentional, I would rather not contemplate the consequences. It was a deplorable and unmistakable blunder, but I am bound to add that recent evidence has satisfied the British government that the Russian government believed the facts were different from what we supposed and that each party was convinced of the justice of its own cause. Great Britain has adopted the only course in referring the matter to

(Continued on Page Two.)

## Saint Alice

### Natural Mineral Water



## Are Amazed at The Results

Roosevelt's Plurality Is Largest  
In The History of The  
Republic.

Pennsylvania Gives President  
Nearly Half a Million  
Majority.

New York, Nov. 9.—With the election returns still incomplete, the plurality of President Roosevelt in the nation, according to all indications tonight, will exceed 1,500,000, the greatest plurality ever given an American candidate. The night interest centers in Missouri and Maryland. Late returns indicate that the former state is in the Republican column, so far as its presidential electors are concerned, but that James Folk, the Democratic candidate, has been elected governor. In Maryland the presidential vote will probably be cast for Roosevelt. In the other states it is simply a question of pluralities.

The "solid south" was broken by the political defection of Missouri, this section of the country always going Democratic. The figures tonight show that twelve states with 133 votes for Judge Parker. President Roosevelt carried all the Northern states and tonight he had 343 electoral votes.

The banner state is Pennsylvania. Twenty-four hours after the polls closed the returns from this state indicate that Roosevelt's plurality would reach 400,000. Next came New York state, where the President polled approximately 174,000 more votes than did Judge Parker. The New York city returns are still incomplete, but the amazement over the result has not subsided. Judge Parker carried Greater New York by only 41,000 votes.

In general the situation is chiefly interesting tonight because the tickets in many of the states being out. Roosevelt ran ahead of his ticket in many places. In Massachusetts, where his plurality was 80,000 votes, the Republican candidate for governor was defeated by 25,000 votes. In this state the legislature is Republican and the entire Republican ticket with the exception of governor was elected.

In Nebraska the definite announcement that the legislature is Republican disposes of stories that Wm. J. Bryan has aspirations for the United States governorship. In this state, too, the governorship is in doubt and it will require official returns to determine who has won. Both sides claim a victory.

There is a curious situation in Minnesota, where Roosevelt's return was 25,000 plurality, but where a Democratic governor and a Republican lieutenant-governor were elected. The election of a Democratic governor is the second in the history of the state.

Chairman Bailew, of the Republican congressional committee, has been returned to Congress from Wisconsin, but Chairman Cowherd, of the Democratic congressional committee, was defeated in Missouri. The situation in Colorado presents an interesting phase tonight. Roosevelt carried the state by probably 15,000, but the governorship is still in doubt. Statements were issued tonight by Judge Parker and W. J. Bryan, both of whom discuss the election characteristically.

PAKER'S FUTURE.

Esopus, Nov. 9.—Judge Parker tonight gave to the press an open letter addressed "to the Democracy of the Nation," in which he thanked those in charge of his campaign work and declared that the people will soon realize that the tariff trust is absorbing the wealth of the nation. He said that when that time comes the people will turn to the Democratic party for relief.

The telegraph office at Rosemont lodge was dismantled tonight. Judge Parker said that his plans are not definitely made, but that he would soon be in harness again.

It is generally believed here that he will practice law in New York forming a partnership with some well established firm.

IN MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—The election in Missouri is still unconfirmed, although it is conceded that the state will go to Roosevelt and only one Democrat remained standing, he being Joseph Folk for Governor. Returns show a Democratic slump throughout the state, yet the Democrats insist that the true results cannot be known until the returns have been completed and assert that Democracy has won by a narrow margin. The Republicans hope for a complete victory throughout this state and insist that Wallbridge for Governor has not been defeated. They also claim to have elected six of the sixteen congressmen, making a gain of five, and declare they have a majority of two on a joint ballot in the legislature which will elect a successor to the late Senator Cockrell.

## IN COLORADO.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 9.—Roosevelt's plurality in Colorado may run above 15,000. Republicans and Democrats claim the election of governor and congressmen-at-large, and the Republicans threaten to contest the state election on the ground of alleged frauds in Denver. Adams apparently has carried Denver county by 5,000 plurality, and he appears to have a safe lead over Peabody without this county.

The Post says the Republican ticket in Colorado—national, state and county—has been elected by pluralities ranging from 2,000 to 10,000.

Democratic Chairman Smith said tonight: "Adams is elected by from 10,000 to 15,000, and all the state ticket goes with him."

Republican Chairman Fairley said: "Peabody is elected by somewhere between 5,000 and 10,000. The state ticket will run between 10,000 and 15,000, and Roosevelt will run even higher than the three congressmen are elected by pluralities about 10,000."

AHEAD OF TICKET.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 9.—The result of the election in Wisconsin shows that Roosevelt ran ahead of every ticket and carried the state by a plurality of between 60,000 and 75,000; that Governor La Follette has been re-elected by a plurality of about 50,000, and that the congressional complexion remains unchanged from two years ago. The legislature, which is to elect a United States senator to succeed Joseph V. Quarles, is largely Republican, and the question of whether Wisconsin shall have a primary election law has carried by a safe majority. One of the surprises in the election was that the Social-Democratic party, four years ago that party polled 4,458 votes in Milwaukee county; two years ago 10,741, and in this election 18,120. The Social-Democrats elected four assemblymen and one senator.

In the legislature, Chairman Connor, of the La Follette state central committee, claims there will be 80 members pledged to carry out the measures advocated by Governor La Follette; of this number 63 are assemblymen and 17 senators, or a majority of each house. Chairman Goldin, of the stalwart Republican faction, claims that the stalwarts and Democrats combined will control a majority of each house, and a big income tax department will probably find itself in a deadlock.

## PROPOSAL TO FORM A NEW PARTY

Congressman Hearst Has no  
Knowledge of Such a  
Movement.

New York, Nov. 9.—W. R. Hearst issued the following statement tonight with regard to the report that steps were being taken to organize a new party:

"I have no knowledge of any meeting of Mr. Watson, Mr. Bryan and myself. I think the Democratic party will reorganize itself on a basis of true democracy, eliminating the Wall street influence that proved so disastrous to this campaign, and I, as a loyal Democrat, will be very happy to see that done. I am always ready to contribute my own services and those of my papers to the Democracy for reorganization, or any other purpose if they shall be required."

"I shall be glad to work with all loyal Democrats for the success of Democratic principles, but I think the loyal Democrats are quite capable of choosing their own leaders, and this point will now be conceded by those who endeavored to force leaders upon them."

ARBITRATION TREATIES.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 9.—United States Secretary of State Hay has received assurances from Great Britain and Mexico that they stand prepared to negotiate arbitration treaties with America on lines of that recently concluded between France and the United States. Consequently, the American state department will proceed at once to complete the whole fabric of treaties so as to have them ready for submission to the Senate when it meets again December 5th. Baron Sterburg, the German ambassador to the United States, was at the state department today, and it is understood that he is prepared to proceed at once with the German treaty. The Italian and Swiss treaties are almost completed. It is known that a number of the countries of Central and South America stand ready to enter into similar arrangements with the United States, but as a preliminary it is desirable that they adhere to the Hague peace convention, under which any arbitration resulting from the arbitration treaties must be tried. They cannot do this in the absence of a special authorization from the powers that originally framed the Hague treaty, and this cannot be had until the second conference is assembled.

## Carnegie Talks Of Annexation

The Steel Magnate Points to  
Alleged Process of  
Absorption.

Each American Settler In the  
Territories a Link In  
Chain.

New York, Nov. 9.—Universal peace and the absorption of Canada by the United States are the keystones of an interesting statement given out by Andrew Carnegie, who, fresh from his summer vacation in his home in Skibo Castle, Scotland, is passing his autumn days in his Fifth avenue home.

"I consider—I firmly believe," said Mr. Carnegie, "that by the year 3,000, and probably before, the nineteenth century, tremendous as its record of achievement and advancement has been, will be most distinguished and applauded as having given the world for the first time a permanent tribunal as a means of settling international disputes. That is to be our greatest gift to mankind—a gift for which posterity will render praise. This war between Russia and Japan is opening the eyes of the world to the need and possibilities of arbitration."

"Do you expect Russia to be victorious in the end?"

"Yes," emphatically. "I believe Russia has the right on her side, having been attacked before she had an opportunity to arbitrate. I believe Japan will be driven back to her island home."

"When do you think the time will come for a Canadian accession?"

"We are getting closer together every day. Every time an American crosses the border and establishes a home in the Canadian Northwest, and every time a Canadian casts his fortunes among us, a link is added in the chain which sooner or later is sure to bind the two countries. We over here must mind, in my opinion, will all be one, just as the nations of Europe will eventually be practically one. What will be the advantage? Simply this: it will guarantee the peace of the North American continent; and peace of this hemisphere is to us worth more than all the millions of dollars revenue that we might gain by tariff trading."

NEW JAPANESE LOAN.

London, Nov. 9.—The prospectus of the new Japanese loan of \$600,000,000 will be issued today or Thursday. Half of the amount will be offered in London and half in New York. The price is 100½, with interest at 6 per cent. The loan will be secured by a second charge on Japanese customs. Dealings in the loan have already commenced at one-quarter premium.

THE DOLBEER WILL CASE.

Hearing in Important Suit Begins at  
San Francisco.

San Francisco, Nov. 9.—The hearing of the Dolbeer will case was begun today before Superior Judge Coffee. Miss Etha Marion Warren, to whom was bequeathed over \$1,000,000 by Miss Dolbeer, was in court, as also was Adolph Schlander, the contestant, an uncle of the deceased. The hearing probably will consume several weeks.

BRAZIL'S WARSHIPS.

Bill for an Increase in Army and Navy  
Is Pending in the Senate.

New York, Nov. 9.—The bill providing for an increase of the army and navy, which has been approved by the Chamber of Deputies and is pending in the Senate, contemplates the building of several war vessels during the year 1905, says a Herald despatch from Rio Janeiro, Brazil. The government will order three cruisers of 12,000 tons each, and ten torpedo boats of thirty knots.

AFFAIRS AT PORT ARTHUR.

No Official News, but Siege Said To Be  
Going Satisfactorily.

Tokio, Nov. 9.—Since the last reports from Port Arthur were given out on Saturday last, no official news has emanated from army headquarters regarding the progress of the besiegers. It is understood, however, that the operations are proceeding satisfactorily though slowly, as the limestone formations and rocky character of the ground interfere with the work of the sappers and miners.

It is now understood that the capture of Sihlung mountain and the eastern group of forts of the Kleeckwan mountain without the securing by the Japanese of Anshan and its mountains, will be insufficient to force the abandonment by the Russians of the city proper.

## Seat Offered To Borden

County of Carleton Placed at  
Disposal of Conservative  
Leader.

First Cabinet Meeting After the  
Elections Proves a Love  
Feast.

Decision to Let Quebec Alone  
Commended by Wise  
Observers.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Nov. 9.—The staunch county of Carleton in which Ottawa is situated, is at the disposal of the great leader of the Conservative party, Mr. R. L. Borden. Mr. Edward Kidd, member-elect, who was in town today, expressed his willingness to resign in Mr. Borden's favor.

It is said that in the event of Mr. Borden not taking the speakership of the House of Commons, the position will go to Archie Campbell of Centre York. March, Bonaventure, then will be the deputy speaker.

Senator Dandurand will succeed to power as speaker of the upper house. The first meeting of the cabinet after the general election was held today. It was in the nature of a love feast, an exchange of experience and mutual congratulation. No business of importance was taken up.

Mr. Blair had a long interview with Premier Laurier today and the report is that he may get his old job back again. The number of Liberal candidates for the representation of the county of Wright in the Quebec legislature is legion. The opinion of unprejudiced observers is that the decision of Mr. Flynn and his associates to stand aloof from the present contest will lead to the break of the Parrot government.

For the year ending June 30th the deficit in the I. C. R. reaches the enormous total of \$900,750.

PANIC IN KINDERGARTEN.

Lead, S. D., Nov. 9.—Fire that started in the 11-st free kindergarten today caused a small panic among the children of the institution, which together with the Episcopal church adjoining was entirely destroyed. The pupils were removed with difficulty. Loss, \$40,000.

WILL WRITE A BOOK.

Mrs. Maybrick Will Take Up Residence  
in Washington for That Purpose.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Mrs. Florence Maybrick, so her attorney announces, will take up her residence here the last of this month. She will then complete the book she is preparing. It is to be her life history. She hopes to prove by the book her innocence of the crime charged against her and to win back the affection of her two children, a beautiful girl of 18 and a son of 24. It is said they still believe in her innocence, and she has not seen them since she was imprisoned, more than fifteen years ago.

## Loving Couple Wait Law's Delay

Chief Justice Hunter Defers His  
Assent to a Hasty  
Marriage.

Fraser River Cannerymen Wish to  
Secure Sites for Their  
Traps.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Nov. 9.—Two Victoria young people were in a great hurry to be married here today. They are still awaiting the approval of Chief Justice Hunter. The young lady is Miss Regolette Winch, who was born in December 1883 in Victoria, therefore lacks a month of being twenty-one and her own mistress. As her father is "beyond sea," the consent of a justice of the peace court had to be asked. T. O. Townley presented the case to Chief Justice Hunter, who replied, in effect, that it was not a matter to treat lightly and he was not going to hurry, that the young couple had to wait until tomorrow that a wire might be received as to the young man's ability to keep a wife and as to his character. The young man is Mr. Argate Furnell.

The Fraser River Cannerymen's Association is requesting the provincial government to define its stand on the trap question. While the Dominion government has granted trap licenses the provincial authorities have not given assent to the holders of these licenses securing forebore as trap sites. The cannerymen claim there is a deadlock. Several cannerymen here claim they have the licenses for traps or can secure them, but the sites cannot be secured. They wish the government to announce without delay if it is the intention to grant sites, as it would be necessary to commence pile driving at once to be ready for the coming season.

HUSBAND'S SAD DEATH.

Rescues Wife and Is Himself Ground to  
Pieces by Train.

Amsterdam, N. Y., Nov. 9.—While Edward Simmons and his wife of Rotterdam Junction, were walking across the Boston and Maine bridge over the Molawik river at that place early this morning, returning from Schenectady, they were run down by a freight train. Simmons, a railroad man, endeavored to swing up the train with his lantern, but to no avail. He succeeded in placing his wife in safety on an abutment, but was himself ground to pieces.

TRIALS END ABRUPTLY.

Government Abandons Case Against  
French Officers.

Paris, Nov. 9.—The sensational trials of Colonels Dautrich and Rollin and Captains Francis and Mareschal, officers attached to the military information bureau, charged with appropriating funds which were used to secure evidence against Dreyfus, came to an abrupt end today, when the government announced that it had abandoned the case. The result is attributed to the evidence of General Maron's de Giffet, former war minister, stating the accused officers.



Public Notice

Reduced Fares to Esquimalt

On and after Thursday, the 10th inst., Esquimalt Tickets may be purchased at the Company's Office, 35 Yates Street, 100 for \$5.00. One ticket entitles the passenger to travel from Esquimalt to any point on the Company's lines or vice versa.

**B. C. Electric Ry. Co., Ltd.**

35 Yates Street.

Epoch Making Battle At Hand

Russia Making Frantic Efforts to Mass Troops at the Front.

A Gigantic Test of Strategy—Troops and Guns of Modern Times.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 9.—The Russian struggle to mass a sufficient number of troops under Kuropatkin's chief command to roll back Oyama's armies is unprecedented in the history of the country. Reservists are moving toward the various centres of mobilization from every populated district west of the Urals. Ordinary truck cars have been converted into double-deck carriages, in which the young soldiers are packed like sardines in a can, with rations condensed and scanty, although adequate for the absolute needs of the men. Quantities of food are brought to the railway stations, but none of it can be taken along.

Women and children who accompany their husbands and fathers to the trains are frequently unable to find shelter while waiting their departure. They crowd the stations, streets and public squares, and would stare were it not for efforts of private charity.

The general staff is aware that the preliminaries for an epoch-making battle are well advanced at Mukden. It knows that, thanks to the great ability of Prince Khilkoff, the Russian forces have been strongly reinforced. It also knows that every day is adding to the strength of the enemy, and that Oyama is fortifying a semi-circle of strategic positions, blocking the best roads to the south, and building up behind these positions bases of supplies secondary only to the main continental bases of the Japanese at Dalny, New Chwang and Liaoyang.

This action is thought to prove that Oyama is planning to launch his columns north and to bring as much of Manchuria within the Japanese lines as possible at the next blow, in order to obtain foreign loans, which the Russians assert have now become a crying necessity at Tokyo.

This massing of opposing forces forebodes not only the greatest battle of this campaign, but also the most gigantic test of strategy, tactics, troops and guns of modern times.

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Forty Millions For New Warships

Proposal to Ask Congress to Authorize Additions to U. S. Navy.

Three First Class Battleships to Cost Eight Million Dollars Each.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Three battleships, five scout cruisers, six torpedo boat destroyers, six torpedo boats, and two squadron colliers at an aggregate maximum cost of \$41,300,000 is the building programme which the United States has recommended to the secretary of the navy to urge Congress to authorize at its next sitting. The board suggests that the new battleships shall be of the general type of the Connecticut class. This would give the navy nine first-class battleships of 16,000 tons displacement each.

The board estimates that the complete cost of each battleship when ready for sea will not exceed \$8,000,000, making a total of \$24,000,000 recommended for this.

LEGISLATURE DISSOLVED.

Charlottetown, Nov. 9.—Prince Edward Island legislature dissolved today. Nominations November 30th; election December 7th.

LATEST ELECTION NEWS.

Missouri Elects Entire Republican Ticket Except Governor.

New York, Nov. 9.—According to revised returns of the vote in New York city Roosevelt's plurality over Parker is 174,691, and that of Higgins, for governor, over Herriek is 76,822.

Late returns indicate that the entire Republican state ticket, with the exception of governor, was elected in Missouri. President Roosevelt has carried the state by a large majority.

Boston, Nov. 9.—Complete returns today show that the Republican presidential electors received a plurality of 8,279 in a total vote of 422,825 yesterday. With the exception of Governor Bates the Republican state ticket was elected by good pluralities.

Butte, Mont., Nov. 9.—Returns from the outlying districts will give Roosevelt a majority of about 10,000, and J. K. Doyle (Democrat) for governor, 8,000. The legislature is claimed by both parties.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 9.—It is claimed that Roosevelt's majority in Minnesota will run close to 125,000. John A. Johnson, Democrat, and Ray Jones, Republican, were elected governor and lieutenant-governor, respectively.

Special Classes.—The business men's gymnasium class of the Y. M. C. A. is steadily growing. Many business and professional men are finding the results most beneficial. The physical committee of the association meets this evening at 5 o'clock.

KILMARNOCK

A Pure Malt Scotch Whisky

To be Found Everywhere.

Some Notes On Port Arthur

Weak Point of the Fortress Is In the Valley of the Shushli.

Some Timely Comment on the Stronghold Now Being Besieged.

Now that the fall of Port Arthur seems to be only a matter of time, some particulars in regard to the strong fortifications being assailed by the Japanese may not be without interest. The Japanese are attacking the fortress with their accustomed intrepidity, which I have seen and admired. They are dashing toward the entrenched Russians over the wire entanglements, using matting with good effect in getting over the cruel barbed wire; they are being mown down by shrapnel, slaughtered by mines, buried in obstacle pits in whose centre stakes are placed to impale them. Yet they are not sulking, but hurling themselves like human waves into the defenses and fighting with bayonet against bayonet trying to hurl the defenders from their place. But the strong fortifications are hard indeed to negotiate, and like Skobelev at Plevna, the Russians are beginning to realize that instead of hurling forward his forces without regard to the number lost, it is better to give more attention to the shovel than the bayonet and shell for space. The struggle for Port Arthur is being fought more after the manner of the fights of the past; the battle is fought as Cuidad Rodrigo or San Sebastian was stormed. Men are struggling into the breaches they made in the defenses, and a great number of death in wholesale numbers. And they will be again before the fortress falls, for the gallant defenders realize well that when the assailing Japanese sweep over the ramparts shouting "Yamatois" of victory, a massacre will follow. Both Japanese and Russian are brave men. I have seen many instances of the bravery of either. The Japanese is also resourceful, and many a story of his ingenuity in putting away enemy's armaments and getting forward into points of vantage without regard to his own safety could be told.

The end is not yet. There are a number of forts to negotiate, even though Wangtiao, whose guns stand on a hill 512 feet high, and Kleckwan, which is nearly as high, have both fallen. There are forts beyond them, and beyond the harbor the forts on Golden Hill, and spread from Wangtiao to the Tiger's Tail, will have to be silenced. One of the weak spots of the defenses, where, as may be expected, the Japanese are pressing their attack, is where the railway enters the town from the north through the hills, rising to the east of the line, are well fortified, as are the hills on the west, where Etzeshan fort, which is 258 feet high, and Ngantzeshan, 482 feet high, stand amid a chain of forts. Shushli, the village, was captured early in the operations, and the Japanese then worked down the valley to the Kleckwan forts, which are said to have been occupied. From these the Japanese will be in a good position to bombard the other forts. They have, as it were, thrust a wedge in the Russian defenses, and it is but a matter of time now before the fortress falls into the hands of the men of Nippon.

Perhaps a few words in regard to Port Arthur might be of interest at this juncture. It was in March, 1898, that the fortress was leased to Russia. It was captured from the Chinese by the Japanese during the war of 1894-95. The main Japanese attack being pressed then through the Shushli valley. At the close of the war a combination of European powers, headed by Russia, robbed Japan of the spoils of victory—and since that time Japan prepared for war with Russia. The fortress is named after the commander of a British warship, who steamed into the landlocked harbor many years ago and gave his name to the place. The Japanese knew it as Ryojinkou, the Chinese as Lushunkou. From the sea its landlocked harbor is approached by a channel 600 yards wide, which was the scene of the daring enterprise of the brave Japanese sailors who sought to block the entrance during the earlier stages of the war. The main harbor runs due north and south in a direction of the entrance, and is about half a mile in length. At the north end is a small bay, and at the south end, east of the twisting entrance, there is a dry dock 552 feet long on the north side, and a basin carrying 23 feet of water at the northeast. The residential and business city lies on the north shore and the West harbor, which is lying to the east of the main harbor, being a military reservation. The foreshore between the two places has been reclaimed, and tramcars operate between them.

In peace times Port Arthur secured considerable of its imports, considerably more than was received over the railway which joins the main line at Harbin, from Chefoo, New Chwang (otherwise known as Tientsin), Vladivostok, stock and from this side of the Pacific. Many a cargo has left Puget Sound and Victoria destined for the Russian fortress. Chefoo supplied much of the food supply then, as it does now, for without it the beleaguered garrison. When I was at Shushli, in September, I found that a ring had been formed by junk-owners and others in that neighborhood, who were running in large quantities of supplies. Many junks were captured, but many got away with their cargoes. There was also a large amount of stores at Port Arthur, piled away in the open air, in large warehouses (which stand in four long lines each containing seven buildings, to the northeast of the old town. A prominent British military officer who visited Port Arthur just prior to the war told me that there were sufficient supplies in these warehouses to last for two years in the event of a siege. There was also a large supply of meat in the refrigerating storehouse. There was nearly 200,000 tons of coal from Wales, half from Japan, at the fort before the siege began.

The water supply is bad. The insufficiency of water will doubtless cause great inconveniences to the besieged. The main supply during peace time was from some springs to the west of the railway, about 400 yards from the city, where a small reservoir 75x30 feet had been made. The average depth there was about five feet. This reservoir supplied the old town, and the water close by, each of which is 3½ feet square and 600 feet long, supplied the new town. Six-inch and ten-inch pipes were used. Outside the dockyard there is a large cistern, which was used for supplying the warships, and probably is still used for supplying as many of the broken squadrons as remain bottled up in the temporary refuge.

As for the defenses, on the sea front there are some strong forts. The mouth of the harbor is at the apex of a re-entering angle, and the guarding forts are thus enabled to bring a concentrated and converging fire on any enemy approaching from the sea side. On the land side there is a semi-circle of hills, varying from 300 to 1,500 feet in height, about 2½ miles from the dockyard, on which permanent works, well mounted with heavy guns and connected in a most thorough manner with entrench-

ments, and covered ways and tunnels have been built. All are connected by telephone and many by tunnels running from one to the other. Owing to the shape of the hills there was much dead ground in front of the works, but the Russians have constructed many deep entrenchments and epaulments there. Good roads run from one work to the other, and the Russian officers considered that Port Arthur was impregnable. Some Russian officers I met at Tientsin in September were still of that opinion—but I differ with them. I know what heavy siege guns, what mortars, howitzers and other guns the Japanese have placed in position before the doomed fortress, many on temporary railways; and I know, moreover, what a desperate fighting man the Japanese soldier is. Death has no terrors for him, but failure has. And for these reasons I think the fall of Port Arthur is but a matter of time.

J. GORDON SMITH.

A NEW STANDARD.

Sir Weymss Reid, of London, on American Politics.

New York, Nov. 9.—Sir Weymss Reid, chairman of the Reform Club of London, the largest Liberal organization in England, and the Russian officers considered that Port Arthur was impregnable. Some Russian officers I met at Tientsin in September were still of that opinion—but I differ with them. I know what heavy siege guns, what mortars, howitzers and other guns the Japanese have placed in position before the doomed fortress, many on temporary railways; and I know, moreover, what a desperate fighting man the Japanese soldier is. Death has no terrors for him, but failure has. And for these reasons I think the fall of Port Arthur is but a matter of time.

HEAT OF SUN IS PURELY ELECTRICAL

The Inventor of Sun Motor Says That He Has Made a Discovery.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—Professor Himmlay, the Portuguese priest, who invented the sun motor, has issued a bulletin giving the results of his experiments with the machine at the World's Fair. The most important of these is the discovery, the inventor says he made, that the heat of the sun is purely electrical. Professor Himmlay has succeeded in finding the source of this energy, and he has settled scientifically the possibility of utilizing in future this and some other primitive and perpetual forces of nature. The sun motor on account of its principle, besides its important scientific properties, seems to be economically applicable for reducing aluminum and for producing new chemical compounds, especially a fertilizer of great value. Its value to science cannot be overestimated.

VISIT STEEL WORKS.

Schenectady, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Seventy-five members of the Iron and Steel Institute of England visited the local works of the General Electric Company this afternoon. Andrew Carnegie sent regrets.

STORM RAGING IN NORTH SEA.

Hamburg, Nov. 9.—The Thalia and the Neptune, both from Hamburg, have foundered and all hands have been drowned. A severe storm is raging in the North Sea.

Bryan On The Republican Victory

Apostle of Free Silver Satisfied That Defeat Was Overwhelming

Oracular Explanation of the Reason the Democrats Did Not Win.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 9.—W. J. Bryan tonight gave out an extended statement concerning yesterday's elections. "The Democratic party has met with an overwhelming defeat," he says. "The questions for consideration at this time are what lesson does the election teach, and what of the future? The defeat of Judge Parker should not be considered a serious one. He did as well as he could under the circumstances; he was a victim of unfavorable conditions and of a mistaken party policy."

Mr. Bryan then declared that Judge Parker had the support of the interests that had lusted in 1896 because of the attitude of the party on the money question.

"The reorganization will be in complete control. We cannot be blamed for the campaign was run on a gold basis. Neither can the defeat be charged to an emphatic condemnation of the trusts; the trusts were not assailed as vigorously this year as they were four years ago. It is evident that the campaign did not turn upon the question of imperialism and it is not fair to consider the result as a personal victory for the President although his administration was the subject of criticism."

"The result was due to the fact that the Democrats attempted to be conservative in the presence of conditions which demanded radical remedies. It sounded a partial retreat when it should have ordered a charge all along the line."

St. George's Hall—A carnival, circus and hippodrome in one.

W. Hart McLean, of Vancouver, came over from the Terminal City yesterday.

BIG ROBBERY IN ARIZONA.

County Treasurer Bound and Gagged in Vault and \$15,000 Gone.

Prescott, Ariz., Nov. 9.—James P. Storm, county treasurer, was today found bound and gagged and locked in the vault of his office. The treasury had been robbed of \$15,000.

ASTHMA

Instant Relief from the Terrible Coughing and Coughing.

Asthmatics need not be told of their agonizing sufferings. That smothering feeling—the horrible sensation of suffocation—are too well known to be repeated. Yet think of the thousands who are victims of this insidious disease. Every day their days of trouble are over. If they will but try for a free sample of Clarke's Kola Compound. The first dose will give them such welcome relief that they will gladly continue the treatment until the quick cure is complete.

Write us to-day for free sample

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Toronto, Canada.

STEEVESTON OIL PROSPECTS.

Bore Is Now Down Eleven Hundred Feet and Indications Are Good.

WHERE SOUTH AFRICA STANDS.

A plain official statement comes from South Africa of the public feeling there regarding inter-imperial preferential trade. Hon. Dr. Smuts, minister of railways in the Cape government, in the course of a speech at Port Beaufort a couple of weeks ago, said that "The government of Cape Colony and of all other South African colonies favored preference, not only as far as South Africa was concerned, but throughout the Empire, with a view to the consolidation and unification of the Empire which was the ideal of those who were working for preference." That is plain enough to even shut up Lord Rosbery, we suppose, who has so far shown himself quite incapable of understanding the English language in so far as it has been in any British state in favor of preferential trade.

OVERALLS FREE.

By saving the snowshoe tabs on Pay Roll plug chewing tobacco. Made by experts, this tobacco just hits the popular taste, and the cusses are excusable for preferring it. Among the others are included overalls and over 600 other articles. All stores sell "Pay Roll."

Bring your friends to St. George's Hall tonight.

FOSTER—On November 6, at 37 Frederick street, the wife of F. Foster, of a daughter.

NOTICE.

I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a transfer of the license held by me to sell by retail wines and spirituous liquors on the premises known as the Commercial Saloon, situated on the corner of Douglas and Cornmarket streets, in the city of Victoria, B. C., to James Strickland.

ALFRED WOOD.

Bailiff's Sale

Under and by virtue of a Landlord's Distress Warrant, I have distrained the goods and chattels of the tenant at the Dawson Bar, Yates street, consisting of tables, chairs, cushions, pictures, linoleum, cash register, nickel-in-slot machine, certain, wire mat, beer pump, glassware, and will offer the same for sale at public auction on the premises on Saturday next, the 12th inst., at 2 p. m. Terms of sale cash.

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Bailiff for Landlord.

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built expressly for freight on River, length 76 feet, beam 13 feet; compound engine.

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Cooking Brandy, best in town..... 1.00 per bottle

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FANCY CALIFORNIA SULTANAS, 2 lbs. for ..... 25c.

FANCY CALIFORNIA FIGS, 1 lb. pks., 2 for ..... 25c.

NEW CALIFORNIA WHITE COOKING FIGS, per lb. .... 10c.

MISSION BRAND BLACK FIGS, 2 lbs. for ..... 25c.

MEXICAN TAMERINDS, 2 lbs. for ..... 25c.

RICE POP-CORN (for popping) per lb. .... 10c.

NEW CALIFORNIA WALNUTS, per lb. .... 20c.

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WETHEY'S MINCEMEAT, 2 pks. for ..... 25c.

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SWEET CIDER, per bottle ..... 25c.

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## The Colonist.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1904.

The Colonist Printing &amp; Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.  
A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

MR. BOGLE AND BETTER TERMS.

We welcome a letter from Mr. Bogle on the question of Better Terms, and are pleased to deal with the matters which he submits for consideration, because now that the elections are over the subject can be viewed from a standpoint largely non-partisan. Mr. Bogle admits that British Columbia is now and has always been suffering from disadvantages as compared with other provinces. The trouble from his point of view is how to apply the remedy. Briefly, we think, that fairly defines his position. He divides the subject as discussed on the platform during the recent elections into three parts.

(1.) Tariff discrimination against British Columbia, which he rightly regards as not an issue between the province as a province and the Dominion, but wholly within the sphere of Dominion politics for which the Dominion Government is responsible to the people of British Columbia as electors of the Dominion.

(2.) Excess of Dominion revenue over Dominion expenditure. Under this head the Colonist has been careful to distinguish between it and the main issue for our claims for Better Terms. As pointed out on more than one occasion this is not necessarily a permanent condition. We might some day in Canada adopt an absolute system of free trade, and then British Columbia would not be contributing a cent of revenue in the way of customs and would be receiving at the same time subsidies and expenditure from the Dominion. For a tariff would be substituted direct taxation, which the Dominion has the power to impose, if necessary. It is true, too, to a certain extent that this is also a matter of federal politics; but there is another phase of the question in which it is part of a case for Better Terms, or rather for the readjustment of financial relations. So long as a tariff is in existence there should, in our opinion, be a provision for a return to the provincial treasury of revenues paid by the people of the province in proportion to our contributions, because the people of the province are less able to bear the burden of provincial taxation by reason of inordinate contributions to the Federal treasury. At the time of Confederation the province surrendered to the Dominion wholly its indirect sources of revenue, and as experience has shown has been inadequately recompensed. At the same time the responsibility of local administration, by reason of the immense extent and the rugged character of the province, has been enormous and out of proportion to the responsibilities of the other provinces.

It is a condition, which the remedy suggested of greater expenditure by the Dominion in the Province does not meet, because it leaves the Province in no better position to meet its own liabilities in the way of administering and developing the country. In fact, such expenditures by the Dominion, in many instances—take railways as one—increases the responsibilities of the Province, without proportionately increasing its revenues. That point is made very clear in the memorandum submitted to the Dominion Government by the members of the Quebec conference, and it applies with much greater force to British Columbia than to Ontario and Quebec, by the Premiers of which the argument was made.

Our argument for a commission is based on the fact that while the relations of the provinces are being considered they should be considered comprehensively as the result of the most thorough investigation of conditions. For some years there has been a growing feeling in the provinces that the Act of Confederation, while a very wise and very statesmanlike measure, is not a perfect one. It was constructed without the necessary experience regarding the developments of the future, which could not be foreseen. Nearly all our legislation has proved defective in some of its practical workings, and legislators have found it incumbent upon them to remedy those defects as far as and as soon as possible. Why should an Act of Confederation be exempt from improvement and amendment? Should we be taught to regard it as inviolable at the hands of man, who, after all, was the creature who framed and gave it effect? A fetish in politics is as grave a source of evil as the worship of false gods, or of system, which through the changing conditions of time may have become effete and anomalous.

(3.) In regard to the third head of Mr. Bogle's discussion of the subject it is really the most important one. The excessive expense of the provincial administration on account of the physical character of the country is a condition which is a permanent one, and must continue to weigh on any government, which has charge of the financial affairs of the country. It is true, as Mr. Bogle says, that no very clear distinction has been drawn between this phase of the case and the others referred to by many of the speakers; but it exists just the same. This condition, our correspondent admits to be one of great disadvantage; but he asks how will the people of the other provinces look at it? He assumes that they will ask us to take the rough with the smooth, and to look out for other opportunities to counter-balance our physical drawbacks. In view of what has been admitted on all sides we do not think in justice to ourselves that that aspect of the case should trouble us or deter us from making claims. If through the investigations of an independent, non-partisan tribunal composed of members of high standing it can be demonstrated that it is all rough and no smooth with us; that we are suffering in many ways from our exceptional position and conditions, not of our own making; that there are injustices, inequalities and hardships in the relations which at present exist as

compared with other provinces, does it stand to reason that those conditions should continue to exist because of the way other provinces may view it? On the other hand, is it not fair to assume, that under such circumstances, the people of the other provinces are fair and just enough to acquiesce in granting our just demands? If not, when it shall appear that our case is hopeless by appeal to the fair-mindedness of the rest of Canada—it will be time for British Columbia to seek other remedies.

Nova Scotia got redress in 1868 on grounds similar to ours. The late Sir John Rose, then Minister of Finance in Canada, upon whose report finally justice was done, stated that "the local sources of revenue at present possessed by Nova Scotia are inadequate to carry on the services devolving on the province." And this was one of the grounds upon which Better Terms were granted. There were several other respects in which Nova Scotia's claims were similar to ours.

The great advantage in the appointment of a commission would be that its report would disarm the other provinces of the right to object. The report would no doubt be full, fair and based on evidence incapable of dispute. Under responsible government many things are referred to commission, and we can conceive of nothing more proper for the Government to do than to submit our claims to such a commission—not for adjudication—but for the evidence in support of the same and for suggestions in connection therewith.

## BRITAIN AND THE EMPIRE.

A most interesting article in the Outlook has been contributed by Sir Frederick Pollock, a distinguished jurist and constitutional authority, suggesting a plan for attaining the practical unity of the Empire. It also appears in the latest number of the Weekly Times to hand. As outlined in the Toronto World, whose summary, for convenience, we give, Sir Frederick says that the necessary conditions of a practical plan towards consolidating the British Empire appeared to him, and those acting with him, to be these: First, it must be above domestic party controversies, and, next, "it must be capable of execution without contentious legislation, such as any constitutional innovation would demand; it must not involve any great initial expense; and it must not fetter the autonomy of the self-governing colonies by attempting to subject them to any new compulsory jurisdiction." All these requirements, in their opinion, are necessary and inseparable.

With regard to the means of satisfying these conditions, Sir Frederick Pollock thinks they are to be found in developing the functions of the Privy Council and reinforcing the Cabinet for special purposes with the new element thus obtained. "Let it be well observed," he continues, "that we do not propose to confer any kind of executive or financial power on the Imperial committee. We do not believe that the self-governing colonies would accept any such compulsion, and, for my own part, I do not think they ought. Such an avowal may seem pusillanimous to advocates of a formal federation—but I am convinced there is no other safe way."

In this way, Sir Frederick Pollock holds, the responsibility of the King's ministers throughout the Empire would be in no wise diminished. "Information and opinions of great value would often come to them from the Imperial committee, weighty advice would sometimes come." Decision would still rest with the various Cabinets, and he hoped and expected that in one way their responsibility would be increased. "For if the Imperial committee were such a body as it might and should be, rejection of its unanimous, or nearly unanimous, opinion would, in any normal case, be a heavy burden to assume. A constitutional understanding would, sooner or later, grow up; I deprecate any premature attempt to define it."

As to the practicability or usefulness of the plan suggested, that must be a matter of individual opinion. It may be a question of doubt as to whether any plan which could be devised would suit in the present state of development of public opinion on the subject; but it will be conceded that any scheme that may ultimately be adopted must rest as Sir Frederick Pollock suggests, wholly upon the free, good-will of all the parties concerned, or, as the World very aptly puts it, "it must come as a natural growth, springing and gathering strength, from a spontaneous and universal sense of loyalty to the Imperial ideal."

## NEWFOUNDLAND NOT FOR CANADA.

Reference was made the other day to the feeling in Newfoundland among the masses against Canada. The elections there, which were run, to some extent, upon the lines of opposition to this country, have resulted in a victory for the Bond Government, and may be regarded as the settlement of the question for some time to come. The Bond Government is opposed to Confederation. In the interests of Canada and Newfoundland it is better to make no attempts at union while such a state of feeling exists. Probably there would be no material advantage on either side, and certainly union not based on good-will and perfect accord would be a source of irritation to both. Sentimentally it would be a good thing to have the Dominion rounded off by the acquisition of Newfoundland. Some day it may come about.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

## ROCK BAY CAUSEWAY.

Sir—As the wet weather will soon set in, would it not be safeguarding the public to know the measures that are under control when approaching the new Rock Bay causeway, especially from the Bay Street end, and the car brought to a dead stop, the same as is at the railway crossing on Douglas street? The speed of the cars are run at present over the causeway would make it an impossibility to pull up in time, in case of obstruction or any other cause, especially at night; and this opinion is held by a good many others besides myself.

CITIZEN.

## BETTER TERMS.

Sir—My excuse for this letter is the fact that you are continuing to discuss the question of Better Terms editorially even after the political campaign is over. I entirely disagree with the manner and

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When any member of your family catches cold and develops a cough, remember the best remedy to give immediate relief is Shotbolt's Compound Balsam of Honey. You can try it for we have the testimony of thousands that it does exactly what we claim for it—CURES COUGHS AND COLDS. The price is a little high—50c; but its cheaper to buy ONE BOTTLE of a REMEDY than several 25c. bottles of useless syrupy colored stuff. People enquire for it now by the heading above, and it is just as well to remember and insist that

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method of approaching this question adopted

in your columns, and also on the platform during the recent campaign. I have read everything available on the subject and also listened carefully to Sir Charles Tupper, Mr. Cowan and Mr. Wolley in the presentation of the question. I endeavor to understand the question. I either understand it, or I do not. If I do, then issues which are entirely separate and distinct have been confused and identified with one another. If I do not, then it is in my own mind the confusion exists, and I need further enlightenment.

There seem to me to be three main heads to the question of Better Terms.

1. Tariff discrimination against British Columbia. I think it is pretty clear that while what we consume and must import is protected, and rightly so, in favor of the Canadian producer in other provinces, what we produce is not protected in the Canadian market. But that is an issue between Liberals and Conservatives, not between the Province and the Dominion. A matter of that kind could only become an issue between the Province and the Dominion if they should remain Canadian citizens or not. In other words, if we could not procure a remedy for such inequalities through the representative institutions of the Dominion, of which we are a part, we certainly could not in any other way except by attempted secession, in short, rebellion. This part of the question is to my mind wholly within the purview of Dominion politics. The province qua province has nothing to do with it, and could not have.

2. Excess of Dominion revenue over Dominion expenditure. This is one of the matters continually referred to in the presentation of Better Terms. The facts cannot be gainsaid. But what is the remedy? There are two which complement each other. One is to remove duties on articles which are not produced in Canada and which we must consume; the other is for the Dominion government to spend more money in the development of the country. If those remedies were adopted, would there be any grievance here? Is not this also entirely a question of Dominion policy? If we cannot look to the representative institutions of the Dominion for relief, where are we to look? If you can explain to me how any responsible government, Liberal or Conservative, could refer the consideration of this matter to a commission in the composition of which another party than its own sovereign self was recognized, I shall be glad indeed to have such an explanation.

3. Excessive expense or provincial administration on account of the physical character of the country. There is quite obviously a vast distinction between this point and the other two I have mentioned in the presentation of the case for Better Terms no very clear distinction seems to have been drawn between this question of provincial administration and the fiscal inequality under which we labor, and the excess of revenue we pay. Suppose for a moment that these two matters have been set right by adequate protection to our industries and by adequate Dominion expenditures to provide this question would still remain, one of our insuperable and permanent difficulties. But how would others look at it? Would the man in Ontario ask why he should be taxed for the benefit of the provincial administration of British Columbia? He would naturally say that British Columbia should take the rough with the smooth, and that there were no doubt opportunities of advancement in the country to counterbalance its physical drawbacks. However, am leaving my point, which is that this question is a matter purely of negotiation between the Provincial government as such and the Dominion.

Now the confusion to which I adverted seems to me to be this, that portions of this case are purely issues of Dominion politics, and should not have been mixed up with any Provincial case for Better Terms, while other portions were matters of provincial administration, and should have been kept separate and distinct from the Dominion and did not enter as issues into a campaign between Liberals and Conservatives.

DAVID B. BOGLE.

## FROM

## THE BRITISH COLONIST

1859.

Friday, Nov. 11.

The news from England by the Brother Jonathan, in relation to San Juan, is rather belligerent. The Manchester Guardian, in an editorial upon Gen. Harney's occupation of San Juan, says: "The American general's exploit seems to have been one of those acts of piracy by which lawless representatives of the United States are accustomed to settle disputes with weaker and backward nations, but which it is time they were taught that they cannot safely indulge in against powerful and civilized nations."

The article concludes as follows: "We trust that the government of the United States will speedily disavow the acts of its officer, otherwise the English government will be forced to take immediate steps to vindicate the honor of the country, thus vindicating the rights that they must not appropriate British territory as easily as if they were cutting off another slice of Mexico."

The London Post characterizes Gen. Harney's conduct as totally opposed to the first principles of public law, and hopes the American government will disavow it.

The New York Times, in an article on San Juan, says: "We should be very unwilling to do the President injustice in this matter, or suspect him of trying to use for his own partisan and personal purposes the name and character of an eminent soldier and patriot as General Scott. But the movement is of so extraordinary a nature, as naturally to get suspicious in the public mind. It looks very much as if the administration had already decided that the island is to be surrendered; and as if they preferred to use for their own purposes the responsibility of such a retreat, rather than assume it themselves."

## Do You Need a Hot Water Bottle

In your home?

2 Qt. White Rubber 75c  
3 Qt. White Rubber \$1.00



You know the prices are right and we guarantee the goods are right, any not satisfactory will be exchanged!

Our "Red Cross" Brand of Red Rubber Bottles are higher in price but the quality is the best and we guarantee them to last a year.

2, 3 and 4 quart from \$1.50 to \$2.25. Fountain Syringes, 85c, \$1.00 to \$2.25. Combination Water Bottle and Syringe, \$1.50 to \$2.75.

TERRY &amp; MARETT

DRUGGISTS

S. E. Corner Fort and Douglas Streets.

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TYPEWRITING is taught at the Studios also by MAIL. We forward lesson sheets to teach you the correct fingering. Write saying the machine you have, or if you wish us to supply a new or second-hand one.

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1904 DECEMBER 1904

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## 20th Century Business Training College

New Premises for 500 Pupils. Corner of Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B. C. and will be the best Training College for the whole of Canada.

SUBJECTS:  
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POSTAL PUPILS—ALL PARTS.  
Studio, all day private tuition.  
Studio, evenings, 7 to 9.  
Office, over Imperial Bank, Victoria.

## Learn to Know By Doing

—AND—

## To Do By Knowing

This is the very practical motto of the New

## Vogel College

In all its departments, all of which are under the supervision of experienced specialists. We have an excellent course in Bookkeeping, Banking, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, English, German, Latin, French and Italian.

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THREE AND FOUR YEAR Courses in  
Mining, Chemical, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering,  
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Write Secretary, Kingston, Ont., for Calendar.

## Today, Friday and Saturday

Three More Very Important Days of  
November Special Offerings from

## David Spencer

LIMITED

65c, 75c and 85c  
Linoleums, 50c Sq. Yard

Today, Friday and Saturday we place on sale our entire stock of Printed Linoleums sold regularly at 65c 75c and 85c, for.....50c square yard  
We expect a car of Linoleum shortly, and we will clear out every piece now in stock before the new lot arrives.

## See Display of Carpets in Broad St. Windows

At 65c, 75c, 85c, 90c and \$1.25 yard.

## The Made-Up Carpet Squares

ARE SELLING RAPIDLY

Wool Squares, 3x3.....\$ 8.50	Tapestry Squares, 3x3.....\$7.90
Wool Squares, 3x3.....10.75	Tapestry Squares, 3x4.....8.75
Wool Squares, 3x4.....13.75	Tapestry Squares, 3x4.....9.50

Sale of Men's  
Trousers at 90c,  
\$1.65 and \$2.90  
a Pair

At 90c Regular Value  
\$1.50

Black and Blue, Hard Finish.  
All-wool Serge Trousers; sizes 32 to 38, waist measure.

At \$1.65 Regular  
Value \$2.50

Neat stripes, in pure worsted.  
At \$2.90 Regular  
Value \$3.50 and \$4

In this lot are our fine grades of suit and overcoat effects. All the correct cuts and well made.

Men's Suits at  
\$4.75, \$6.75  
and \$9.75

How quickly the public got to know about a real good thing; \$4.75, \$6.75 and \$9.75 sounds like a real good stylish clothing. We know the Suits are being sold at ridiculously low prices, and we also know the Suits are cheap at the former prices, \$7.50, \$10.00 and \$15.00.

A good, liberal assortment at these three prices will be kept up all November.

Boys' Inverness  
Coats

Lined with Red Flannel  
Special Price \$2.90

Boys' Suits \$2.90  
Value \$4.50

Thirteen Only Fancy Suits.

English Made  
Overcoats

Of fancy tweed mixtures; value \$3.85, today \$2.50.

Fancy Tweeds  
and Cheviots in  
Overcoats

Ages 7 to 16 years. Made with turn cuffs, belted backs. New Tourist and other styles of this season. \$4.50, \$4.75 and \$5.75. Coats for \$3.90.  
Boys' Reefers; ages 3 to 13. Special \$1.00 each.

English Norfolk  
Suits for Boys  
In Brown Mixtures  
Regular \$3.75, for \$2.90.

See Broad St. Window  
For Display of

Men's Overcoats  
At \$9.75, \$6.75, \$5.75 and \$3.75.

Take Advantage  
of the November  
Shoe Sale

At the following prices a new pair of shoes costs little, and the wet weather coming on, a new pair of shoes, to keep the feet dry, is a much better investment than cough medicine.

Shoes for Women

Women's Box Calf Shoes, solid leather insole. Today, \$1.50.  
Women's Kidskin Shoes, with medium-weight sole. Today, \$1.35.  
Women's Kidskin Shoes, patent toe and heavy sole. Today, \$1.75.  
Women's Velour Calf Shoes; winter sole. Today, \$1.75.  
Women's Goodyear Box Calf Shoes, value \$4.00. Today, \$2.75.  
Women's Slippers, patent vamp with large box; value \$2.50. Today, \$1.50.  
Women's 3 and 4 Strap Kid Slippers; value \$2.00. Today, \$1.50.  
Women's Oxfords, high grades, American make; values \$3.50 and \$4.25. Today, \$1.95.  
Women's High Front Slippers, kid; value \$2.50. Today, \$1.25.

## Men's Shoes

Men's Waterproof Chrome Shoes; value \$3.00. Today \$1.90.  
Men's Box Calf; value \$3.00. Today \$1.90.  
Men's Waterproof Sewed and Nailed; value \$3.00. Today \$2.50.  
Men's \$5.00 Shoes, leather lined and double shank. Today \$3.75 and \$4.00.

Bargains Every Day  
This Month

Japanese Silk  
Waists Today  
at \$3.90

Tucked yoke and medallions, long-pointed cuffs.  
(See Window.)

Japanese Silk  
Waists Today  
at \$4.90

With pointed yoke of insertion and medallions, long-pointed cuffs and boxed sleeves.  
(See Window.)

A Good Assortment of French  
Flannels, Jersey  
Cloth and Fancy  
Veilings for  
Waists

Price 45c yard; value 65c and 75c.

Ladies' Costumes  
at \$18.50

You may choose from 15 costumes; values \$25.00 to \$45.00, for \$18.50.

## THREE SPECIAL VALUES IN BEDROOM SETS

\$19.50, \$27.50 and \$32.50. These Sets are of Surfaced Oak, Well Finished. Third Floor





**Bowes' Bronchial Balsam**

If you've ever been in the woods and breathed the Pine Balsam air and felt your lungs expand with health and freedom, you know about what Bronchial Balsam ought to do for you.

No need of our telling you that we sell more of it than of any other Cough Remedy. 50c. and 25c.

**CYRUS H. BOWES,**  
CHEMIST.  
93 Government Street, near Yates Street.

**BUSINESS LOCALS.**

Air-tight Heaters, own make, best in the market, at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates street.

The British Linen Bank Letter Tablet, containing 100 sheets, for 25 cents at Hibben's.

Cheap Dinner Sets at Cheapside.

**ELEY AND WINCHESTER AMMUNITION**

The Standard Makes of the Old and New World

To be Had at  
**JOHN BARNES & CO.,**  
115 Gov't St.

**FOR YOUR**

Doctor's Prescriptions,  
Pure Montserrat Lime Juice,  
Finest Toilet Articles,  
Standard Medicines, etc., etc.,  
GO SO WHERE

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27 Johnson St., near Store St.  
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Specialty: Contracting of  
**WHALING STEAMERS**  
And All Kind of Whaling Outfit.  
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**DID YOU SEE**

That bed of Tulips in the Park on the 24th May? If you want anything like them call on us.

**Darwin Tulips, Parrot Tulips**  
Cottage Tulips

**FLEWIN'S GARDENS**  
30 SOUTH PARK STREET.

Advices just to hand show great reductions in Atlantic steamship rates. H. H. Abbott, agent C. P. Ry. Co., will tell you all about it. Call on him at 86 Government street.

Best Carpenter Tools at Cheapside.

**ROSES**

For Fall Planting  
**Jay & Co.,**  
13 BROAD STREET.

**A FRIENDLY TIP**

\$850 Buys  
**5-Roomed Cottage**

In Excellent Repair.  
LOT 6x120,  
Two Minutes' Walk from OAK BAY AVENUE.

**\$350 Cash**  
Balance on Time.

Money to Loan.  
Stores and Dwellings to Let.  
Fire Insurance Written.

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ROSES  
FLORAL DESIGNS  
CHOICE PLANTS

**M. A. FARRINGTON**  
92 GOVERNMENT ST. PHONE 143.  
Greenhouses, Esquimalt Road, Phone 219.

Fine assortment of Pictures of English Scenery and the Cathedrals of England. Price only 50 cents. See our window. Hibben & Co.

Take the V. & S. railway and steamer trip to the islands. A delightful trip.

Brass Bird Cages at Cheapside.

Leave your orders with Hibben & Co. if you want one or more of Mrs. Macleure's Water Color Drawings of Indian Headdresses to send to friends at home or abroad.

The photographs which were so highly commended at Tacoma, and won two first prizes at the recent Westminster exhibition, are on view now at Savanah's entrance, Port street, Five Sisters' block.

**Now that Elections ARE OVER,**

COME IN AND LOOK AT THE ASSORTMENT OF

**Scotch Tweed Suitings**

Remember that these goods are of the best quality. Every garment made to perfection at

**PEDEN'S**  
30 Fort street. Merchant Tailor.

**Table Knives**

Jas. Rodgers & Sons', Chris. Johnson's and Jos. Elliott's makes.  
Best Sheffield steel, \$1.00 to \$8.00 doz.

**FOX'S---78 GOVT. ST**

We have everything in Cutlery.

**SNAP**

A new modern Bungalow. It will pay you to investigate.

**Heisterman & Co.**

**LOCAL NEWS.**

**W. C. T. U. Meeting.**—The W. C. T. U. will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the N. M. C. A. A large attendance is requested.

**Dairymen Meet.**—At the City hall this evening at 8 o'clock the Victoria dairymen will hold a meeting. A large attendance is requested. Business of importance will be transacted.

**Police Court.**—Several more Indians, just returned with the sealing fleet, were fined in the Police court yesterday for drunkenness or having liquor in their possession. The arrests were made by Mr. Densy.

**Long Live the King!**—Yesterday, the occasion of King Edward's birthday, was joyfully observed in this faraway outpost of his dominions by the raising of flags generally throughout the city and the firing of salutes at Work Point barracks and Esquimalt.

**Civil Service Exams.**—Yesterday morning Rev. Dr. Campbell commenced hearing the civil service examinations in this city. They will extend over three days. The candidates are undergoing their test in the qualifying grade; there are none in the preliminary grade.

**Chinese Conspiracy Case.**—Owing to the fact that there is no judge of the Supreme court in the city, the magistrate's decision in the Chinese conspiracy case was further postponed until the 14th inst. In the event of any of the accused being committed for trial, bail could be obtained only from a judge of the Supreme court.

**Pilot Board Commission.**—No date has yet been fixed for the opening of the enquiry into charges against the management of the local pilot board. Mr. R. T. Elliott, the special commissioner appointed by the Dominion government, has not yet been able to arrange a time convenient for all parties, but the date probably will be announced in a few days.

**A Five-cent Fare.**—Corroborative of announcements made in the Colonist in previous issues, it is now definitely stated that the tramway company has decided to give residents of Esquimalt and vicinity a five-cent fare over its line, beginning today. This is accomplished by means of tickets which are sold at the office of the company at the rate of 100 for \$5.

**Wax Works' Exhibition.**—The St. James' branch of the Girls' Friendly Society is preparing for an entertainment to be given in the A. O. U. hall on Thursday, the 24th inst., the chief feature of which, by request, will be an exhibition of Mrs. Jarley's wax works, which proved such an attraction when last shown in Victoria. There will be music and songs and other attractions.

**Thanksgiving Service.**—Next Sunday being the Sunday before Thanksgiving day, special Thanksgiving services will be held in the Centennial Methodist church. The evening service will commence with a good old song service of rejoicing and praise. This will be followed by a special sermon by the pastor, after which a service of thanksgiving and thanksgiving will be held. A strong choir of about thirty voices will lead in the service of song.

**St. John's Social.**—The social in St. John's schoolroom on Tuesday evening was very successful. The members of the junior guild, who were in charge of the entertainment, are much pleased with the result, and wish to thank all those who so kindly assisted with the programme. The vocal and violin solos were much enjoyed by an appreciative audience. These socials will be held every fortnight, and further notice will be given of the next one, which will take place on the 22nd inst.

**More Dredges.**—Recent arrivals from Atlin are of the opinion that it is not improbable that two more dredges will be working at Atlin next season. The timber for one new machine has been sent into the interior and the machinery will follow as soon as the winter has set in and the ice becomes sufficiently hard for transportation purposes. This dredge is being constructed by the British-American Dredging Company. Another syndicate is contemplating a third machine equally as large as either of those belonging to the B. A. company.

**Cable Rates.**—The committee of the Board of Trade which has been investigating the matter of alleged excessive cable rates to the Orient, have submitted a report, in which it is stated: "As our trade with Japan is increasing and the necessity for frequent cables becomes more pressing, the rate of \$125 per word is prohibitive, and your committee think you should take this matter up from this Board of Trade with the various Boards of Trade in this province, in the states of Washington, Oregon and California, and ask them to co-operate with us to urge upon the cable companies a revision of their Pacific coast-Oriental cable rates."

**Improved Mill Plant.**—In amplification of the announcement made in yesterday's Colonist to the effect that the Brackman-Ker Milling Company has extensive improvements in contemplation in connection with its Westminister branch, it is to be mentioned that during the last few months improvements of a comprehensive character have been made to the mill at the outer wharf in this city—an extensive making it the most modern of its kind on the continent. The machinery has already arrived, and millwrights will be busy in a few days putting in a plant for the manufacture of cooked foods, similar to those of Eastern manufacture, already on the market, and so extensively advertised. A name has not yet been decided upon for this food, but Mr. Ker states every one will have an opportunity of furnishing this, as it is their intention to offer a handsome prize for that may be considered the most suitable and appropriate name.

**Permanent Walk.**—A gang of contractors, who yesterday started on the job of laying down a permanent cement walk on the east side of Menzies street, between Niagara street and Dallas road. Should the present fine weather continue, it will be completed in short order. This will be about the last piece of such work to be done this year.

**Manual Training.**—Very gratifying success attends the operation of the manual training evening classes organized some weeks ago by W. H. Binne, the Central school instructor. There are 40 students enrolled, and applications are being received continually. The classes meet three nights in the week, and under the able management of Mr. Binne, pupils are making splendid progress.

**Atlin Clean-Up.**—L. W. Sageman, of the White Pass & Yukon railway, estimates the total gold output of the Atlin district this summer to be \$100,000 in excess of that of the previous year. It amounts to about \$800,000. Mr. Sageman is in charge of the Atlin office of that company. They arrived from the north on the steamer Humboldt. Mr. Sageman says also that the season has been much shorter than usual, making the clean-up more remarkable.

**St. George's Ball.**—The many friends and patrons of the St. George's hall will have a gala time to themselves this evening in the A. O. U. W. hall. The masquerade is the occasion for renewing old acquaintances and friendships of former years. The Sons and Daughters of St. George, with their large experience, know what is required by the many characters who participate in this society's entertainment. Everything promises for a pleasant evening's fun for those who attend.

**Cement Factory.**—Work on the plant of the Vancouver Portland cement factory at Todd creek is proceeding as fast as possible. The machinery, which is of the very best quality known to manufacturers of Portland cement, is being installed with the utmost care, so that no hindrances may follow after the factory begins operations. The work will be put in shape this winter so that a start may be made in sufficient time to have the Vancouver brand of Portland cement on the market ready for next season's work.

**Slight Train Mishap.**—During a dense fog which prevailed yesterday morning a slight mishap occurred on the E. & N. railway near Ladysmith, which fortunately did not result in serious damage. The coal train, which was the "X" and simultaneously the southbound freight came along. Owing to the density of the fog the engineers did not see the danger and a slight collision occurred which damaged the fronts of the locomotives. The rest of the rolling stock escaped injury. The trainmen were not hurt.

**Cable Is Broken.**—Word was received at Seattle yesterday morning that on Sunday night a cable laid between Seattle and Valdez had snapped and communication between the two points had been entirely shut off. It is supposed that the wire has broken not many miles north of Sitka. The cableship Burnside is now engaged in cable laying between the Sound artillery stations, and as soon as she can get ready for the trip she will proceed to Sitka and repair the break, bringing that town again in communication with the outside world.

**Board of Trade.**—An important meeting of the Board of Trade will be held this evening and a full attendance is desired. Among the matters to be discussed are: Coasting laws, resolution requesting cancellation of order-in-council permitting other than Canadian vessels to carry Canadian freight destined to the Yukon; the Canadian Pacific railway undertaking to provide a thoroughly efficient and up-to-date service; Harbor improvement, report of special committee upon proposal to extend the harbor of Esquimalt; and a report of special committee. Fire insurance, further consideration of fire insurance matters generally.

**Promising Mine.**—The King Solomon mine, situated seven miles from Cowichan station, is considered one of the most promising properties on the island. A syndicate, at the head of which is J. S. H. Matson, has been formed to work it under a lease. The mine is built of a solid mass of some hardworn rock, and is situated on a hillside, bound with steel wire and sheet steel and studded with iron or steel rods to the number of no fewer than a hundred and fifty. The object is certainly a barrel, and weighs in the neighborhood of fifty pounds, is a foot and a half long, and a foot thick.

**A Unique Find.**—On Tuesday in English bay near Vancouver, R. T. Bartwell, Dominion Government Fisheries Officer, picked up a queer looking object which greatly resembles a Japanese sword. Built of steel, it is a sword of some hardworn rock, and is situated on a hillside, bound with steel wire and sheet steel and studded with iron or steel rods to the number of no fewer than a hundred and fifty. The object is certainly a barrel, and weighs in the neighborhood of fifty pounds, is a foot and a half long, and a foot thick.

**FULL COURT.**

List of Appeals Set Down for Argument at Vancouver.

Following is a list of the appeals set down for argument during the Vancouver session of the Full court, now in progress:

**ADJOURNED FROM APRIL COURT**

Vancouver vs. Vancouver, Westminster & Yukon Railway & Co.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Irving.

Peck vs. Sun Life Association—A company of Canada.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Irving.

**LIST NO. 1.**

Bremner vs. Nichols.—An appeal from a judgment of His Honor Judge Foran.

Camusca et al. vs. Colquhoun et al.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Irving.

Hathorn et al. vs. Morgan et al.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Martin.

Tange vs. Morgan.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Martin.

Centre Star vs. Rossland Kootenay Mining Co.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Martin.

**LIST NO. 2.**

Morgan vs. British Yukon Navigation Company.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Drake.

Henry vs. Guthrie et al.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Martin.

Henry vs. Victoria Terminal Railway & Company.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Martin.

Kirkham vs. Cawley.—An appeal from a judgment of County Court at Westminster, Chilliwack.

Viles vs. Victoria Times Printing & Publishing Company.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Irving.

**LIST NO. 3.**

Murray vs. Royal Insurance Company.—An appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Irving.

Lamberton vs. Vancouver Temperance Hotel and C. R. Company.

Kirkham vs. McKenzie et al.—An appeal from a judgment of Judge Henderson.

Kvong On Chong & Co. vs. Ah Wong.—An appeal from a judgment of Judge Henderson.

The case of Hopper vs. Dunsmyth, which is expected to take about a week, if not longer, was placed at the foot of the list.

**Many Have An Appetite For Office**

Good Liberals Who are Anxious for a Speedy Reward in Party Services.

**Geo. Riley's Name Mentioned in Connection With Next gubernatorial Vacancy.**

Hot on the heels of the conclusion of the federal elections, which has given the Laurier Government another lease of life, an unexpected and entirely unexpected rumor is doing the rounds of the press, and that is the formation of "states" for various important federal positions which the government has the option of handing over to good Grits at a convenient time.

As speedily as does scent-honey when any of that delicious mixture is about, have the deserving ones gathered around those who have the dispensing of the leaves and fishes; and to the on-looker who always sees most of the game, the spectacle is one of absorbing interest.

Chief amongst the promised developments of the future in respect to the redistribution of federal patronage is one involving the calling of a successor to the present incumbent of the gubernatorial chair, whose term of office expires very shortly. In this connection a story was aloft yesterday to the effect that a plan has been devised to "arrange" that Mr. George Riley should succeed Sir Robert Joly, when the latter retires. Mr. Joshua Kitching, taking Mr. Riley's seat at Ottawa, providing he can win out in the election which would ensue. It is understood that Senator Templeman, who was always looked upon as a possible successor, has been definitely stated that he will not be an applicant for such position, being quite content with his life position in the Senate.

Coupled with the changes hinted at above are the names of Rev. Elliott S. Ross and C. H. Luggie—current gossip amongst politicians having it that Mr. Rowe is "slated" for the collectorship, and Mr. Luggie for the position of postmaster, it being suggested that the present incumbent of the latter office would be retired upon superannuation allowance.

It is understood also that a host of applicants are besieging the "powers that be" for favors involving changes in minor positions in the federal services.

**A BAD LOT.**

Charge of Aggravated Assault Against Rusklin Dismissed.

In the Police court yesterday Magistrate Hall dismissed a charge of aggravated assault against a young man named John Rusklin, by Dai Quan, a Chinaman, of aggravated assault. In giving this decision the magistrate stated that he was not satisfied of the truth of the story told by Dai Quan, and warned Rusklin that if he desired to keep out of trouble he should choose better company than at present.

The row started in an opinion den. Of course the law is on the side of the defendant, Dai Quan, and his witness differed in almost every particular from that told by the defence.

According to Dai Quan's story he was in Lee Ping's opinion point off Esquimalt street, at 1245, Saturday morning, when the accused, Rusklin, and Marie Harris came in and the accused picked a quarrel with him, chased him out of the point and down the street, caught him by the pistol and hammered him with a half a brick.

Rusklin and Harris stated, on the contrary, that they went to Lee Ping's to eat noodles and have some tea, and that Dai Quan started the row by calling Rusklin offensive names and striking at him. They also stated that Dai was armed with a knife and that Dai and another Chinaman, armed with a club, chased Rusklin down the street while he fled for his life. Rusklin also averred that Dai struck at him with the knife twice, on one occasion cutting his trousers, and that Dai's reputation was that of a murderer. Rusklin and the woman denied that they had gone to the opinion den to "smoke."

One Young, a white man living at Lee Ping's and who recently left and after doing time for cutting paint brushes from the Melrose establishment, gave evidence partly bearing out the story told by Rusklin, and so the weight of evidence was with the defence. Young admitted that he took the "black smoke," and the others looked as if they did. Mr. Courtney appeared for the accused.

**For an Old Offence.**—A man named Miller was arrested yesterday morning and lodged in the lock-up, charged with having obtained money under false pretences and having stolen a bicycle about twelve months ago. The accused left the city for parts unknown shortly after the offence was committed and was arrested after his return.

**In olden times, before the days of the Help Wanted ads., a sage wrote: "God sends us meat, but the devil sends us cooks." But the want ads. have compelled his Satanic majesty to abandon the employment agency end of his business, both in the matter of cooks and in that of "finding work for idle hands to do"**

**NO COMPARISON.**

There is more value in a tin of "Clark's Pork and Beans" than in any similar priced food preparation. W. Clark, Mfr., Montreal.

**Balliff's Sale.**—Under and by virtue of a landlord's distress warrant, Sheriff Richards will sell, by auction on Saturday, Nov. 12th, at 2 p. m., on the premises, the goods and chattels of the tenant of the Dawson Bar, Yates street. See ad. elsewhere for particulars.

**Are you in need of a Coal Hod?** We have a large variety of plain, japanned, galvanized, half-covered and covered. Prices 50c to \$1.25. Coal Shovels, 10c; Pokers, 25c; Dampers, 25c. R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street.

**"Lovers" of Oriental Rugs, Carpets, Draperies, etc., are cordially invited to inspect the splendid exhibition of such goods at Weiler Bros. (second floor) Mr. Nase, of Constantine, being in charge. Weiler Bros.**

**Are you in need of a coal hod?** We have a large variety of plain, japanned, galvanized, half-covered and covered. Prices 50c to \$1.25. Coal Shovels, 10c; Pokers, 25c; Dampers, 25c. R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street.

**CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY AIDS NATURE.**

Medicines that aid nature are always most effective. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. It allays the cough, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration, opens the secretions, and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. It is famous for its cures over a large part of the civilized world. Thousands have testified to its superior excellence in all cases of coughs. For sale by all Druggists.

**North Park Street Chatham St.**

4-room cottage. Terms .....\$630

Near Cook, 5-room cottage, 60x140 lot; sewer, Easy terms .....\$1,450

**To Rent**

A Baker's Shop and Bakery in good locality

**E. A. Harris & Co.**

85 Fort Street.

Let's and Canadian Office Diaries for 1905 at Hibben's.

**Doan & Hisecks, the reliable Drug-ists, corner Yates and Broad streets.**

A popular novelty.—Messrs. Weiler Bros. have on exhibition in their Government street window a large selection of that quaint, yet exceedingly popular Devonshire Pottery, Allendale Ware. There is that "something" about which appeals to every person of refined taste and who, in this instance, can indulge at a very moderate cost. Weiler Bros., China Showrooms, Government street.

The latest "God's Good Man," by Marie Correll. The Victoria Book & Stationery Company.

Confetti at Hibben's.

H. H. Abbott, local agent C. P. R., has been advised of the arrival of the following Atlantic steamers: Allan line "Havarian," at Montreal, 6 p. m., October 20th; Allan line, "Tunisian," at Liverpool, 10 a. m., October 20th; Cunard line, "Campania," at New York, 8 p. m., October 20th.

Fine, large, portable Terrestrial Globes for \$6.00 at Hibben & Co's.

Mellor Bros., Limited, having now got thoroughly established in their new premises, 70 Fort street, are now in a position to cater to the needs of the public in the most satisfactory manner in all kinds of work in Painting, Paperhanging, Glazing, etc. They carry a large and up-to-date stock of high-class goods in Wallpapers, Paints, Glass, Doors, Sashes, etc. Mellor Bros., Limited, guarantee the highest degree of satisfaction in every particular to all who favor them with their orders, while their prices will always be found most reasonable.

One of the most attractive decorations in art pottery we have seen is the new "Iris" treatment on some curiously shaped pieces of Allendale ware on sale at Mellor Bros. establishment, first floor. It comes in a variation of purple, yellow and dark shadings. See it.

Cutlet Frills, Dish Papers, etc., at Hibben's.

In our lending library Marie Correll's new book, "God's Good Man." The Victoria Book & Stationery Company.

**CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.**

This is a medicine of great worth and merit. Try it when you have a cough, cold and you are certain to be pleased with the quick relief which it affords. It is pleasant to take and can always be depended upon. For sale by all Druggists.

**NOTICE**

All persons having clothing at the Tailoring and Dyeing establishment of the late T. W. Pierre will kindly claim in inside of 30 days.

MRS. T. W. PIERRE.

**HOME AMUSEMENT**

There is nothing like a Talking Machine to liven up the home during the long winter evenings, especially if it is a

**COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE**

Prices: \$12, \$15, \$17, \$25, \$35.  
Needles: 300 for 25c.

**FLETCHER BROS.**

**THE WHITE HOUSE**

**A Hat Bargain Today**

Just to Keep Things Lively In The Millinery Dept.

See Window

**Henry Young & Co**

**J. A. SAYWARD**

ROCK BAY, VICTORIA, B.C.

**Sashes and Doors and Wood Work**

OF ALL KINDS

Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc.

**CAPITAL PLANING & SAW MILLS CO**

ORCHARD AND GOVERNMENT STS., VICTORIA, B.C.

Doors, Sashes and Woodwork of All Kinds. Rough and Dressed Lumber, Fir, Cedar and Spruce Laths; Shingles, Mouldings, etc.

**Lemon, Gonnason & Co.,**

P. O. Box 533. Telephone 77

W. MUNSBIE, Secretary. W. BELFORD, Manager.

Telephone 162. P. O. Box 208.

**The Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co., Ltd.**

Mills at Shawnigan Lake.

Office and Yards Government and Discovery Streets, Victoria, B. C.

Manufacturers of—

Rough and dressed Fir and Cedar Lumber, Laths, Shingles, Mouldings, Etc., of the Best Quality.

Seasoned and Kiln Dried Flooring and Finishing Lumber always in Stock.

**FOR LUMBER, SASH, DOORS**

and all kinds of Building Material, go to

**THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LTD. LTD.**

MILL OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

P. O. BOX 623.

**Silver Plated Ware**

See our new stock of Tea Services, Entree Dishes, Egg Frames, Spoons, Forks, and every requisite for the dinner table; also of the finest quality quadruple plate, from the best English and Canadian factories.

The best quality and the lowest prices.

**C. E. REDFERN**  
43 GOVERNMENT STREET.  
Established 1862. Telephone 118

**Nicholles & Renouf, Limited**

Cor. Yates and Broad Streets

CARRY A FULL LINE OF

**BUILDERS HARDWARE**

At prices that defy competition.

N.B.—We don't talk about our neighbors, but just sell hardware.

**Duncans Livery and Sale Stables**

Rubber Tired Buggies and Fine Livery Turnouts, Haggard Furniture and all kinds of Freightage done.

S. J. HAGEN, Manager.  
Telephone connection on premises.

**Ladies Tailoring**

**SPRINKLING & CO.**

Having secured a first-class cutter, we guarantee a perfect fit.

The latest material for fall just arrived. Leave your orders early. Our prices are sure to be found satisfactory.

70 1/2 YATES ST., ROOM 8.  
MOODY BLOCK.

**DUTCH BULBS**

**JOHNSTON'S SEED STORE.**

City Market

**ACCORDEON PLEATING.**

Orders taken at the White House, the Westside and The People's Store.

All orders executed at

NOS GORDON STREET.

Near Postoffice.

Telephone No. 553. MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. Write or telephone above address.

**KODAKERS**

Can Have Their Views

**ENLARGED**

By a Permanent Process at Moderate Prices.

KODAKS AND PHOTO SUPPLIES.

FLEMING BROS., 50 1-2 GOVT. ST.

**HALF-ACRE LOTS**

Just off Gorge Road,  
For Sale at \$200, \$225 and \$250.  
(A Good Speculation.)

**TEN-ACRE BLOCKS**

Two Miles from Town,  
For Sale at \$140 to \$200  
Per Acre.

**SUITABLE FOR FRUIT AND CHICKEN RANCHES.**

(The Best Bargains on the Market.)

**Swinerton & Oddy**

102 Gov't St.

**THE FEATURE**

Every paper and every store has its feature. Ours to the keeping of a fresh, clean stock of

**Teas & Coffees**

Which we sell at the lowest price possible considering quality. We want every housewife to call and see our large line, whether she purchase or not.

**W. A. JAMESON**

"Ricksaw" Tea and Coffee Store.  
71 FORT STREET. PHONE 128.  
All Goods Delivered.

**An Offer**

WITH

**An Object**

Any reader of this paper bringing a copy of this ad. to our store will receive a piece of Sheet Music, either Vocal or Instrumental.

**Free**

**M. W. Waitt & Co.**  
LIMITED.  
44 GOVERNMENT STREET.

**FIRE FIRE**

**ALBION IRON WORKS CO**

The entire stock of new Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Hoists, Winches, Garden Rollers, Steel Barrows, etc., etc. FOR SALE at low prices. It will pay you big to buy now from ANDREW GRAY, Proprietor.

**Marine Iron Works.**

Tel.—Residence, 100. Pembroke St.  
Tel.—Works, 641. Victoria, B.C.

**DYEING AND CLEANING**

The best in the province. We do Dyeing and Cleaning as it should be done. FIRST CLASS WORK. PUNCTUALITY. MODERATE CHARGES.

**Victoria Steam Dye Works**

WORKS, OFFICE,  
142 FORT ST., 116 YATES ST.,  
Victoria, B. C. (near Douglas).  
Telephone, 717.

**When In Doubt Ask**

**Campbell & Cullin**

**TOBACCONISTS and Information Bureau**

Phone 12 Corner Tronoe Ave.  
B. 108 and Government St.

**HOTEL VICTORIA**

**Sample Rooms**

Having taken over the premises lately occupied by Geo. A. Campbell, corner Government street and Tronoe avenue, we are prepared to supply the most central and well equipped rooms in the city for our commercial guests.











## A Good Investment

Two and a half acres on the Esquimalt road. This is splendid land and would cut up well into lots or would make a very fine site for a good house. Price on application.

### PEMBERTON & SON

45 FORT STREET

## ROBT. WARD & CO., Limited

General Agents for British Columbia.

## Royal Insurance Company

of Liverpool, England.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

INVESTED FUNDS, \$64,000,000.00

The Largest Fire Insurance Company in the World.

## Do You Want Fresh Eggs?

If so, try our EXCELSIOR MEAL—To be fed hot in morning.

At SILVERSTAR FEED CO., 87-89 YATES STREET TEL. 413.

## Budget Of News From Far North

### Prospectors Report Promising Signs of Gold on McMillan River.

### Lively Movement Into Tanana—Shortage of Wood Along the Yukon.

Dawson exchanges, dated October 31st, just to hand, say that Bob Henderson, discoverer of the Klondike and assistant mining inspector, returned last evening from a trip up the McMillan river, one of the largest forks of the Pelly. Henderson went up the Pelly with Judge Dugas and a party of hunters. Henderson did some prospecting while up the river, and reports that he found a number of indications of gold in the country. He says he may make another trip there this winter.

"While up the Pelly," says Henderson, "we were caught for a time above two jams of ice. The jams were near the junction of the McMillan with the main stream. After a time the ice broke and we were able to get down. After Judge Dugas and the others came down the river I remained behind alone for a time and made the run of several hundred miles down with a canoe with no one accompanying me. I shot a fine mouse and brought him home for the use of my family."

Dawson markets took a general stiffening this morning. Nearly all kinds of food and foodstuffs advanced on the average 25 per cent. Potatoes, potatoes and eggs are the only commodities claiming any exception. The advance is made by all merchants of the city, the big companies included. The cause given for the advance is that the cost of keeping goods in stock so long during the winter and the expense of warm storage in cold weather, justifies an advance, and the further arguments that some goods have been lower in summer than they should have been is made. Some of the merchants announced this morning an advance in the price of eggs by the case, but not all are willing to go on the advance, and the price will probably be held down to one level by those who refuse to advance. Scarcity is the biggest factor in refusing to advance on eggs. He says the camp is long on eggs and has more than ever before, and that he will not advance. The egg-consuming pace of the camp is now about 600 cases a month.

The first scows of the season from White Horse arrived last evening. They belong to Barton & Authier and Schade, and brought 100 tons of fresh beef, pork, mutton and halibut. The stock was slaughtered at White Horse, and there packed on the scows immediately after being killed. The run from White Horse was made in eight and a half days. No delays were experienced. Henry Henderson, brother of Discoverer Bob Henderson, was commodore of the fleet. Each scow is 18 by 60 feet, and each carried fifty tons of meat. Henderson reports that other scows may come down the river. He says the White Pass was willing to build scows for the shippers who were desirous of shipping left-over goods by scows.


Ready McEwen of the staff in the gold commissioner's office, will leave tomorrow for Rosebud creek, where he will receive applications for claims staked on that stream. A discovery was located on Rosebud a short time ago. Fourteen applications have already been filed here for claims on Rosebud.

It is evident there will be a lively movement over the trail between Dawson and Fairbanks all the coming winter. Already preparations are being made by Dawsonites to travel the long

## Teach the rising generation to discriminate between Sunlight Soap

and others that just look like it but lack its purity and cleansing power. It will save them the worry of experiment and the expense of injured clothes. Sunlight Soap washes equally well with hard or soft water. Your money back for any cause of complaint.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto



## Empress Of China From Orient

Brings Many Passengers From all Parts of China and Japan.

Interesting Russian Journalist on His Travels to St. Louis Talks of War.

R. M. S. Empress of China, Captain Brotham, arrived yesterday from Hong Kong, China and Japan with a large number of passengers and a large cargo of Oriental produce. About 100 tons of the latter is for Victoria and will be transhipped from Vancouver to the usual outlet. A number of Chinese and Japanese got off here. The vessel did not wait more than an hour at the outer wharf, proceeding to Vancouver as soon as her passengers and 130 sacks of mail were landed.

Amongst the passengers from the Asiatic ports was Mr. Nicholas N. Kolobashkin, correspondent of Novosti Dnia (Daily News), of Moscow, Russia, for the Far East and America. His Far Eastern headquarters are at Hankow, and he is bound for the St. Louis world's fair, and one object of his mission is to ascertain as closely as possible the true state of feeling amongst the people of that country towards Russia. He speaks good English and is a keen observer of what is going on around him, and nothing escapes his acute ear, as the Victoria newspaper men observed when they were discussing the war question with him.

Mr. Kolobashkin was much entertained when informed that amongst a large and very intelligent section of the people of the United States the feeling toward Russia was one of cordiality and that many of the leading newspapers of America emphatically deplored the successes of the Japanese. Mr. Kolobashkin smiled when the question of the war was mentioned.

"Russia," he said, "always takes her time. One year is nothing; ten, a hundred, but she accomplishes what she sets out to do. The war is only beginning. Reinforcements? Oh yes, General Kurapatkin will have to send his command next spring before the snow goes away, at the lowest estimate, five hundred thousand of the choicest troops of the Russian empire. How is he going to get them assembled? Why, by the trans-Siberian railway, to be sure. The completion of the line round the south end of Lake Baikal (call it By-calls; that's Russian) is an achievement little understood or appreciated outside of Siberia. It means everything to Russia, for it gives military and commercial connection between Moscow, St. Petersburg and Harbin (Mr. Kolobashkin called it Karbin), the great concentrating point in Northern Manchuria. He says that the railroads of Russia, with all their equipment, will be about the capacity of the railway each day.

If infantry, they will take with them all their tents, stores, reserve ammunition and arms; if cavalry, their horses, their equipment, their baggage, their food and other stores; if artillery, their guns, carriages, repair outfits and so forth. This is the system employed by the Russians. Each fighting unit is ready at a moment's notice to step out upon the Siberian empire en route to fight as if in the middle of the hostile zone. The men are not sent on one train, the stores on another, the ammunition on another, and so on, but the little army is complete in itself, a fighting machine that can be landed anywhere and march anywhere from the first day.

Mr. Kolobashkin explained how the completion of the line round Lake Baikal would be a great advantage to Russia, and autumn lake crossing, from treacherous ice, sudden thaws and other perils which have made the route across the lake in winter uncertain. He confidently believes that the opening of the campaign of 1907 will be the end of Japanese resistance and the southward movement of the Russians. But, as he said in beginning, the Russians are not worrying much over present bad luck. They trust the future and know they will not be disappointed.

Mr. Kolobashkin does not look like a newspaper man, according to American plans and specifications, but his ability as linguist and observer probably makes up for his outward deficiencies. He expects to spend a few months in the United States before returning to Hankow. In the meantime he will send regular descriptive letters to his papers in Moscow. The following was the saloon passenger list of the Empress of China:

Rev. C. W. Allan, Mrs. C. W. Allan and two children, Mr. A. E. Allan, Mrs. A. E. Allan, Col. W. S. Birdwood, Mrs. W. S. Birdwood, Mr. A. S. Brown, Mr. E. V. Carey, Mr. F. T. Colson, Mr. R. T. Craven, Mr. D. Doherty, Mr. E. Buxton Forman, Capt. G. A. Forsyth, Miss E. Franklin, Bishop Galloway, Mr. Geo. R. Gregg, Mrs. Geo. R. Gregg, Mr. K. Hamlin, Mr. H. Hatter, Mr. D. Heron, Mr. Y. Iijima, Mr. K. Kimura, Mr. H. King, Miss M. King, Mr. S. Kojima, Mr. N. N. Kolobashkin, Mr. H. Lapp, Mr. L. Leybold, Mr. R. E. Lindsey, Mrs. R. E. Lindsey and child, Capt. E. W. S. Mahon, Mr. B. Minturn, Mr. H. Minturn, Lieut. D. Pudsey, R. A. Master W. Shields, Mr. T. Shirai, Mr. D. Siffert, Mr. N. Takenouchi, Mrs. Yamanaka, Mrs. Aramaki.

### TRADERS IN DISTRESS.

Said To Be Without Food as Result of Mineola Wreck.

San Francisco, Nov. 9.—There is a report current in the city that the traders in the stations along the Okhotsk sea must be nearly starving to death, as the ill-fated steamer Mineola failed to reach those stations.

According to the story, the vessel had visited the station and three stations and was on her way to the Okhotsk sea when she was wrecked.

For years this port has been supplying the men at these stations with food, and if by any chance provisions fail to reach them, they have to wait to get it.

It is said by those who know the conditions in those lonely places that the wretched fur traders are absolutely dependent on the outer world for the necessities of life, as they have no means by which they can kill game, if by chance there is any game to kill.

It is thought that for this reason there will be sent another vessel to those waters, which will be laden with provisions for the unhappy fur traders.

A San Francisco firm has had this business for many years and has been chartering vessels for this trade.

This trade has, however, increased so largely that it is contemplated to have a regular line of steamers to trade with those far northern Asiatic seas.

The crew of the Mineola is expected here soon on the steamship Manchuria.

### HAVE BEGUN HEARING.

Mainlander Accident To Be Thoroughly Investigated.

Seattle, Nov. 9.—The investigation of the Mainlander-Sea Lion collision will be held in the offices of the local inspectors of hulls and boilers for the purpose of ascertaining who, if any one, was to blame for the accident which resulted in the sinking of the former vessel on the evening of October 27 off West Point. The hearing will commence promptly at 9:30 and will be attended by the officials of both companies.

So far neither Captain Manter, who was in command of the Sea Lion, nor Captain Elsmere, of the Mainlander, has made any statement as to the effect that the other vessel was to blame. A thick fog prevailed at the time the two vessels came together. Neither was disre-

## TO RENT

With possession on 1st December, the Commodious Rooms lately occupied by Messrs. Bodwell & Duff, on second and third floors of Hamley Block, corner Government and Broughton Streets. Apply to

Established 1858 **A.W. Bridgman,** 41 Gov't. St.

## Electrical Apparatus For Power and Lighting

THE CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO'S

Are the Standard Motors for Power Purposes, from 1-h. p. upwards. Address all enquiries to District Office, VANCOUVER, B. C.

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONT.

### The Canada Foundry Co., Ltd.

TORONTO, ONT.

EVERYTHING IN IRON LINE—ENGINES, BOILERS, STEAM PUMPS, STRUCTURAL IRON WORK, BRIDGES, WATER WORKS SUPPLIES.

Address, Box 744, Vancouver, B. C.

## Water Glass Egg Preserver

Eggs preserved in WATER GLASS PRESERVER are of as fine flavor as when new laid, when boiled or prepared in any desired way. The season for cheap eggs is near, so ORDER NOW!

WATER GLASS is approved by GUELPH AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE. One tin preserves 5 dozen; price 25c.

**J. L. WHITE, & CO.** DRUGGISTS 80 and 82 Government St. near P. O.

### SOUND SHIPPING.

Port Townsend, Nov. 9.—Arrived—British ship Agnes, from Port Gamble with crew. British ship Ancona from Victoria. The British ship Balmoral, Capt. Roop, will tow to Seattle Wednesday to discharge the balance of her cargo of cement and when same has been put out she will proceed to Port Blakely to load cargo of lumber for Melbourne. The bark Albert, which arrived Saturday night from Hilo, will tow to Port Gamble Wednesday to load cargo of lumber for Lahaina.

Port Blakely, Nov. 9.—Arrived—American schooner John G. North from Port Gamble.

### SCARED AT HOODOO.

Ridiculous Yarn Charged to Captain of British Ship in Local Waters.

A despatch from Port Townsend to the Tacoma Daily Ledger contains the following extracts: "The British ship Ancona arrived in port this morning from Royal Roads, where the vessel has been for the past three weeks. Captain Robbins was afraid to keep the vessel at anchor in the harbor, and he had to leave the vessel at anchor during the winter months has come to grief in some manner. Consequently he cabled his owners for permission to come to Port Townsend to await orders. The Ancona sailed from here about a year ago, and within ten days after her departure from this port for Port Natal, South Africa, a life buoy marked 'Ancona, Liverpool' was picked up on the shore at Cape Point, and the report circulated that in all probability the vessel had met disaster in some manner. In questioning Captain Robbins regarding the incident, he states that an able seaman, shipped here at the time, attempted to make more in the 'wash deck tub' before the vessel had left the harbor, but was hauled back aboard minus the life buoy which he had secured around himself, and the buoy must have drifted to Cape Point. The crew of fourteen able seamen will be paid off here tomorrow, distributing something over \$2,000, their term of service having expired."

### DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Tatoosh, Nov. 9.—Morning bulletin—blowing hard; clear; wind easterly. 38 miles an hour. Noon, clear; easterly, 50 miles. Evening, clear; easterly; 34 miles.

### VICTORIA TIDES.

For the 24 hours ending midnight, November 10:

High water	7:10 a.m.
Low water	10:22 a.m.
High water	2:52 p.m.
Low water	11:18 p.m.

### JAPS REFUSED ENTRANCE.

Arrivals on Steamer Tremont Will Be Deported.

Inspector A. S. Fulton, chief officer of the immigration and Chinese departments for Tacoma, and his assistants, have been unusually busy since Sunday investigating the status of the Chinese stowaways who came over on the steamer Tremont, says the Tacoma Ledger. Several Japanese, who were passengers on the steamships, have also been receiving the close attention of the government officials.

As a result of the investigation, the seven Celestials who were caught attempting to smuggle themselves into this country, will be deported, none having been able to satisfy the officers that they are entitled to admission.

### MARINE NOTES.

Jim Hill, says the San Francisco Daily Commerce, is a getting disliked up north, where he thought he and the Great Northern owned that part of the earth "with a barbed wire fence around it."

The steamer Robert Dollar arrived in during the night and is at the Commercial dock discharging a cargo of about 600 tons of asphalt.

American tug Bahada arrived yesterday afternoon and took in tow the large Baholia, concentrate-laden from Treadwell to Tacoma smelter. The Bahada and tow sailed at 4:30 p. m.

Steamer Unadilla arrived last evening from the Sound, bound for San Francisco, having been detained on the Sound by fog, and at Port Townsend by Chinese passengers, with unstamped certificates. She sailed for the Golden Gate at 11 o'clock last night.

British ship Cedarbank sailed from Greenock for Victoria, B. C. October 25. A San Francisco firm has had this business for many years and has been chartering vessels for this trade.

This trade has, however, increased so largely that it is contemplated to have a regular line of steamers to trade with those far northern Asiatic seas.

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"This is your opportunity." Never before has there been such a display of "Elegant Oriental Rugs" in the city of Victoria, and never again will rugs be sold at the present low quotations, Weiler Bros.

Lover's V-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder dusted in the bath softens the water at the same time that it disinfects.

### The Victoria Co-Operative Mercantile Association, Ltd.

Will open a Grocery and Provision Store at 94 Yates Street.

A booklet containing the rules and by-laws is ready for distribution. All who have subscribed for shares, and others who wish to become members, please call upon the Secretary at 92 Government street, opposite Trousseau Avenue.

This store is for the people, managed by the people, and the people get the profits.

## HARDAKER Auctioneer

Friday, 11th, at 2 p.m.

### Valuable and Well Kept FURNITURE Carpets, Etc.

SOLID SILVER AND HEAVY GOLD-PLATED

### Old French Cutlery

BEAUTIFULLY EMBROIDERED BED AND TABLE LINEN.

Overstuffed Arm Chairs, Settees, Sofas and Occasional Chairs; Rattan Chairs; Rockers; Centre Table; Victoria Hand Sewing Machine; Oak Sidelboard; Massive Oak Extension Table; 7 Oak Leather Seated Dining Chairs; Hall Stand; Oak Bedroom Suite; Modern Walnut Bedroom Suite; Birch Bedroom Suite; Woven Wire, Box and Top Mattresses; Enamelled and Brass Bedstead; Down Quilts; Feather Pillows; Bolsters; Blankets; Toilet Sets; Pictures; Dinner Sets; Glassware; Cooking Utensils; Air-light and Open Grate Heaters; Victoria Cooking Range; Iron Safe, etc.

**W.T. Hardaker, Auctioneer**

## "A GREAT DISPLAY" OF Turkish and Persian Carpets, Rugs and Draperies

Being a direct shipment from Our Agents in Constantinople, and comprising the largest range of Oriental Goods ever shown in the City of Victoria.

### YOU ARE INVITED TO THIS EXHIBITION

Which has been arranged on our Second Floor.



This assortment of Turkish and Persian Rugs is certainly one of the largest importations into Canada, and includes the following:

Kirmans, Tabrizs, Silchs, Serebends, Kazacks, Anatallans, Khorassans, &c.

The large Carpets are particularly fine.

Embroideries from Armenia and Turkey. Antique Weapons from Turkey and Persia.

WEILER BROS., DIRECT IMPORTERS

VICTORIA, B. C. OF ORIENTAL RUGS &c.

We have arranged with Mr. A. Nasr of Constan, Babayan & Co., Constantinople, to show these goods; he will be pleased to give you any information regarding them, which in itself will be interesting and educational.

## WHITE ROCK LYTTHIA WATER

Cures Stomach and Kidney Troubles. ITS EQUAL IS UNKNOWN

### PITHER & LEISER, - Agents

## The Fall Suits.

What have you in mind? At least one Sack Suit—a Frock Coat or Cutaway—perhaps a Dress Suit or Tuxedo?

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